



Technical Assistance for Turkey in Horizon 2020 Phase-II
EuropeAid/139098/IH/SER/TR

Turkey in Horizon 2020 II Workshop – EC Terminology

Webinar 7, 10:00 – 12:00 25th February 2021











Philip Sowden (UK)

- Background in manufacturing
- SME programmes at regional, national & International levels
- Worked with EC for over 30 years
- SME Key Expert on two previous projects in Turkey
- Responsible for SME programmes in the present project











TinH2020 International Team of Experts



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2019-2020 Webinars

- Webinar 1 (28/03/19) introduction to EC, Horizon 2020 and Accelerator (SME Instrument)
- Webinar 2 (23/07/19) Closer look at Technology Readiness Levels and wider EC eligibility requirements
- Webinar 3 (10/12/19) Business Planning; purpose, process and expectations
- Webinar 4 (01/09/20) Accelerator Financial Issues
- Webinar 5 (28/09/20) Q&A session ahead of Accelerator 7th October cut-off











2021 Webinars

- Webinar 6 (02/02/21) Reflective look at some of the issues encountered in H2020 bids
- Today's Webinar 7 As the new Horizon Europe gets under way, a look at the terminology used in Accelerator bids

All recordings are available on www.turkeyinh2020.eu























HORIZON EUROPE

EURATOM

Fusion

SPECIFIC PROGRAMME: EUROPEAN DEFENCE FUND

Exclusive focus on defence research & development

Research actions

Development actions

SPECIFIC PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTING HORIZON EUROPE & EIT*

Exclusive focus on civil applications



Pillar I EXCELLENT SCIENCE

European Research Council

Marie Skłodowska-Curie

Research Infrastructures



Pillar II
GLOBAL CHALLENGES &
EUROPEAN INDUSTRIAL
COMPETITIVENESS

- Health
- Culture, Creativity & Inclusive Society
- · Civil Security for Society
- · Digital, Industry & Space
- · Climate, Energy & Mobility
- Food, Bioeconomy, Natural Resources, Agriculture & Environment

Joint Research Centre

Pillar III
INNOVATIVE EUROPE

European Innovation Council

European innovation ecosystems

European Institute of Innovation & Technology* Fission

Joint Research Center

WIDENING PARTICIPATION AND STRENGTHENING THE EUROPEAN RESEARCH AREA

Widening participation & spreading excellence

Reforming & Enhancing the European R&I system

^{*} The European Institute of Innovation & Technology (EIT) is not part of the Specific Programme





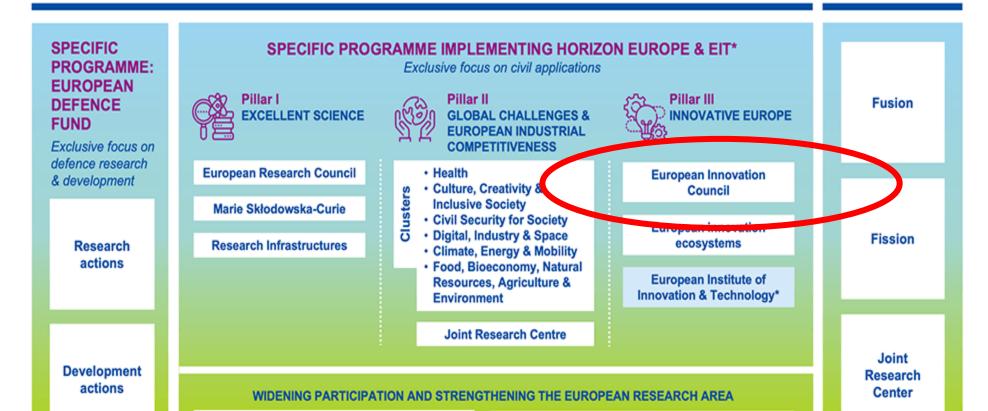






HORIZON EUROPE

EURATOM



Widening participation & spreading excellence





Reforming & Enhancing the European R&I system



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European Innovation Council (EIC)

Three main supports for SMEs

EIC Pathfinder

Developing novel ideas for radically new technologies

EIC Transition Activities

Transformation of research results into innovation

EIC Accelerator

Deployment of innovation to market.











- differences with Horizon 2020
- Tighter focus
- Two- stage application process
- Resubmissions are limited
- 'Top-down' as well as 'bottom-up' calls for projects











Tighter focus...

- More emphasis on innovations that build on scientific discovery or technological breakthroughs
- Funding used to scale-up faster
- 'Deep tech'
- High-risk
- Disruptive











Same Key Evaluation Criteria...

IMPACT

EXCELLENCE

IMPLEMENTATION











Same Key Award Criteria...

EXCELLENCE: Does your project have high innovation potential beyond 'State of the Art'?

IMPACT: Does your project meet the pressing needs of European and global markets?

IMPLEMENTATION: Does your project have a coherent and efficient workplan?















Two- stage application process

- STAGE 1 Short Application
 - Submitted any time
 - 5-page form to summarise innovation, potential market and project team
 - Pitch deck of up to 10 slides
 - Video pitch of up to 3 minutes for core team to motivate their application
 - Evaluated by experts in 4-6 weeks











- STAGE 2 Full application only if Stage 1 successful
 - Two cut-off dates per year 9th June and 6th October 2021
 - Submitted on designated IT platform
 - Full Business Plan
 - Detailed information on company finances and structure
- If evaluated successfully jury pitch & interview
 - Jury held 8-9 weeks after submission
 - Result in 2-3 weeks after jury interview











Resubmissions are limited

- STAGE 1
- 2 attempts, then no re-submission for 12 months
- STAGE 2
- If rejected by 1 of 3 evaluators, can resubmit at following cut-off
- If rejected by 2 of 3 evaluators, or rejected twice, can re-submit Stage 1 proposal after 12 months
- If rejected at interview, can attend another interview. If rejected again, reverts to Stage 1 proposal after 12 months











'Top-down' as well as 'bottom-up' calls for projects

- 'Open calls' receive majority of budget
- There will be 'Top-down calls' for specific challenges:
 - Green Deal
 - Digital Society
 - Health priorities
 - Etc...











Key Project Objectives for Turkey

- Support Turkish participation in Horizon Europe
- Strengthen capacity in Science, Technology and Innovation
- Help Turkish Researchers into European Research Area by increasing Horizon Europe participation
- Provide range of activities to support businesses particularly SMEs

Web site: http://www.turkeyinh2020.eu/













... continues into Horizon Europe until March 2022







Project activities ...



Training Events

- Introductory
- Focus Groups
- IPR
- Access to Risk Finance
- Webinars
- Lobbying
- Project Writing Camps



SME Support

- 1-to-1 Support
- Project Writing Training
- Pitching Workshop
- Feasibility Reports
- Investment Readiness



Networking

- Brokerage Events
- International Study Visits
- Award Ceremonies
- Conferences
- Info Days



Tools

- Website
- Helpdesk
- Training Guides





Why Participate in Horizon Europe?

- Financial support
 - Grants to cover final stage project risks
 - Funding to commercialise EC venture funding
 - Access to private sector venture capital
- Support from mentors
 - Stronger management
 - Better market awareness
 - Commercial experience
- As a company
 - More strategic view
 - Commercial strength
 - More confidence from Turkish investors
 - Product 'endorsed' by EC funding
 - Amplifies national project investment











Technical Assistance for Turkey in Horizon 2020 Phase-II EuropeAid/139098/IH/SER/TR

EC Terminology









Grigoris Chatzikostas



Training Coordinator in "Turkey in Horizon 2020 - Phase II" project



Managing multi-national and cross-sectoral consortia, writing proposals for EU funding and coordinating large-scale projects that promote tech-enabled entrepreneurship in various sectors such as agrifood, ICT, environment, health, manufacturing, entrepreneurship etc.

Training, coaching, mentoring and supporting researchers and innovators on issues related to proposal writing for EU funding opportunities, project management of EU funded projects, IPR management and entrepreneurship, in countries such as Greece, Serbia, Bulgaria, Turkey, Tunisia, Poland etc

17yrs

Experience in EU projects



1st position in Serbia in attracting H2020 funds 100+ m€

Total value of projects managed











Why is terminology an issue?

- Terminology often difficult to understand...
- Some terms do not translate easily
- Easy to ignore requirements and presume correct interpretation
- SMEs often missing commercial knowledge
- Time consuming to get it right
- High competition with specialists in applications











European Innovation Council (EIC)

- Recognise these problems among SMEs
- Recognise that National Contact Points (NCPs) also have difficulty in helping SMEs to interpret
- Difficult to make transition from R&D to commercial business



 EIC commissioned our project partner APRE to develop tools and associated definitions for NCP organisation; 'Access2EIC'











Access2EIC Tools

- Based on Business Model Canvas (BMC)
- Well known and respected business development tool
- Based on 4 main business areas:

Company LEFT part of canvas

Value proposition MIDDLE

Market RIGHT

Finance BOTTOM

All of the terminology fits in this framework









Business Readiness Level (BRL)





Business Conceptualization (0-3)

- Perceived need that your offer can satisfy
- By BRL 3 you may have a potential product/service with evidence from clients and an idea of how you can generate value to you and to them

Business Testing (4-5)

- 'Market' is strongest factor
- Testing your business with potential stakeholders or early adopters
- By BRL5 you should have measured and evolved your business and product to match client's stated needs

Business Deployment (6-9)

- Consolidate product with paying customer needs
- By BRL 9 you become a trusted supplier and your cashflow becomes predictable and increasingly profitable











Business Readiness Levels (BRLs)

Each of these 3 groupings:

- 1. Business Conceptualization (BRL 0-3)
- 2. Business Testing (BRL 4-5)
- 3. Business deployment (BRL 6-9)

Have their own terminology in Business Model Canvas.

Now, let's take a look at them...











The Business Model Canvas (BMC)

BUSINESS MODEL CANVAS

KEY PARTNERS Who are your key partners?	KEY ACTIVITIES What are the activities you perform every day to deliver your value proposition? KEY RESOURCES What are the resources you need to deliver your value proposition?	VALUE PROPOSITION What is the value you deliver to your customer? What is the customer need that your value proposition addresses?		CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS What relationship does each customer segment expect you to establish and maintain? CHANNELS How do your customer segments want to be reached?	CUSTOMER SEGMENTS Who are your customers?
COST STRUCTURE What are the important costs you make to deliver the value proposition?			REVENUE STREAMS How do customers reward you for the value you provide to them?		







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Stage zero - the first steps...











BMC – BRL 0 - Business start-up

Company

Business
Business Model
Business Plan
Business Type

Offer

Demand Offer

Market

Customer End user

Finance

Balance Sheet
Bankruptcy
Capitalization table
Cost structure
Debt capital
Dilution

BRL₀

Elevator Pitch
Equity capital
Fundraising
Investment term sheet
Profit
Revenue











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BRL 0 – Company Terminology

Business

Organized activities to produce and sell goods at a profit

Business Model

A company's plan for making a profit

Business Plan

How a company is going to achieve its goals

Business type

How a business will operate – B2B, B2C, combination, etc.







Typical Business Plan





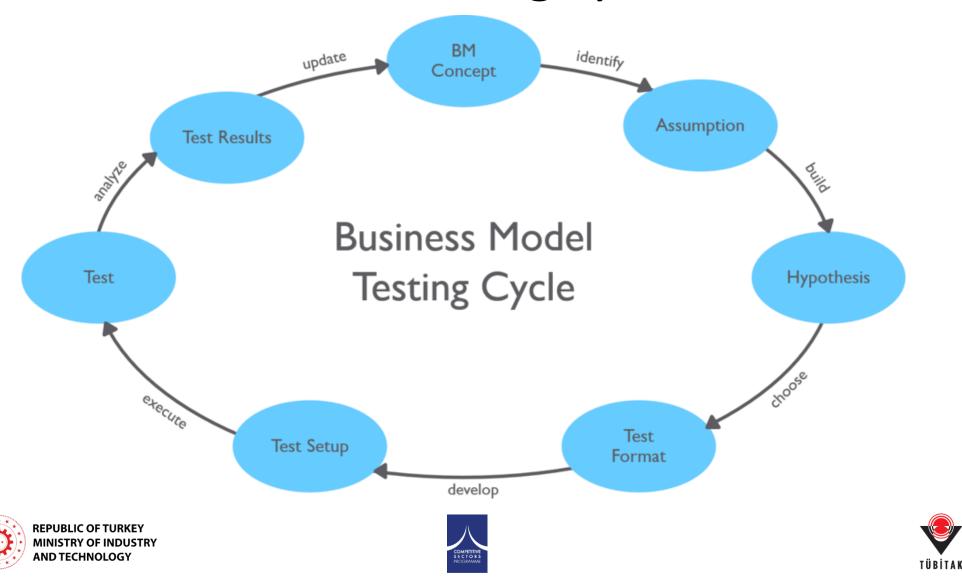








Business model testing cycle







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BRL 0 – Offer Terminology

Demand

Customers' wish to buy goods and their willingness to pay

Offer

The range of goods that a company intends selling











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BRL 0 – Market Terminology

- Customer
 - Individual or business that will buy a company's goods
- End-user
 - Person or company who will ultimately use a product













HAVE YOU ACTUALLY TALKED TO ANY TO MAKE SURE?













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BRL 0 – Finance Terminology

Balance sheet

 Statement of what a company owns and owes and the amount invested by shareholders

Bankruptcy

 Legal proceeding on companies unable to repay outstanding debts. Assets eventually used to pay some of their debts

Capitalization table

Spreadsheet that shows equity capitalization – total value of shares - for the company

Cost structure

 Fixed costs that don't change, plus variable costs that change with production/sales volumes

Debt capital

The amount of money borrowed by the company

Dilution

When a company releases new shares they dilute the value of existing shares











BRL 0 – Finance Terminology cont.

Elevator Pitch

 Summary of 2 minutes or less to grab attention of potential investors or customers

Equity capital

The money invested in a company in exchange for shares

Fundraising

 Activities that a company uses to raise grants, investments, etc. to fund its activities

Investment term sheet

 Sets out basic terms and conditions under which an investment will be made

Revenue

Total income from sale of goods

Profit

Cash remaining after all costs have been deducted









First stage: Business Conceptualization...













BRL 1-3 – Business Conceptualization

...building a business on a perceived need that you can satisfy.

Three main questions;

- 1. Is there a real problem to solve?
- 2. Can we solve this problem with our know-how/IP/product?
- 3. Is the problem relevant or needed enough that someone will pay an economic price to solve it?

...by the end of this phase you should have a candidate product, customer evidence that it is needed, how you can make money from it and what investment is needed in your business to achieve it.











BMC – BRL 1-3 – Business Conceptualization

Company

Business ecosystem
Incubator/Accelerator
Intellectual property
Key activities
Key partners
Key resources
Value chain

Offer

Benefits
Copyright
Freedom to operate
Patent
Proof of concept
Trade secret
Value proposition

Market

Channels
Customer gains
Customer jobs
Customer pains
Customer relationships
Customer segment

Finance

Asset
Bootstrapping
Break-even point
Business Angel
Cash

BRL 1-3

Crowdfunding
Liability
Quasi equity
Revenue streams
Seed capital











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BRL 1-3 – Company Terminology

Business ecosystem

• Businesses, suppliers, agencies, etc. involved in delivering a specific product

Business incubator/accelerator

Organization designed to launch or accelerate business growth

Intellectual property (IP or IPR)

Intangible assets of a business with a value – ideas, designs, concepts...

Key activities

The most important activities in executing a company's value proposition

Key partners

Main business relationships for optimizing operations

Key resources

• Human, physical, financial, intellectual resources needed to optimize business

Value chain

Series of steps to turn raw materials and other inputs into finished products











From innovation ecosystem to start-up ecosystem

Innovation Startup **Ecosystem Ecosystem** Innovation via Innovation via Big **Big Companies &** Companies & Public Sector. Customers Public Sector. Closed process & Research Research **IPR** Internal resources **IPR** Innovation by **Startups** Support Organizations Open, Innovation Funding Funding collaborative & Customers Sources Sources Startups external resources Service New Providers Funding Solutions











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BRL 1-3 – Offer Terminology

Benefits

Statement of what the customer gets from the product

Copyright

Protection of a creator's original work, usually giving exclusive user rights

Freedom to operate

 Analysis to determine whether a product may impinge on other persons' patent(s) or ownership claims

Patent

A grant of property rights to an invention; legally prevents others from copying

Proof of Concept

Evidence that a design concept or product proposal is technically feasible

Trade secret

Confidential information that gives a company competitive advantage over others

Value proposition

 Collection of products that a business offers to meet customer needs – what distinguishes a business from its competitors – technical advantage, price, risk reduction, etc.











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BRL 1-3 – Market Terminology

Channels

• Means of delivering products to customers – own store, partners, agents, etc.

Customer jobs

Solving a customer task, problem, bottleneck, etc.

Customer gains

Savings in customer time and money, getting their job done

Customer pains

 What is annoying and troublesome for customers – preventing getting their job done

Customer segments

 Which customer groups are you intending to serve, based on different needs and attributes?

Customer relationships

 How will you keep existing customers and get new ones, so that you can grow your income/profit?







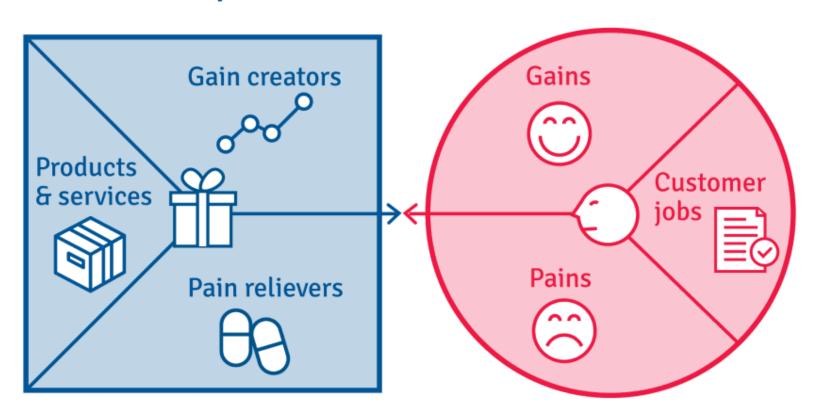




Value proposition canvas

Value Proposition

Customer Profile













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BRL 1-3 – Finance Terminology

Asset

Tangible and intangible assets that have an economic value for the company

Bootstrapping

 When an individual starts and runs a business using their own cash resources, without external investment

Break-even point

 The point at which a business starts to make profit - costs are less than sales

Business Angel

• Individual who acts as a financial backer using their own funds, usually in return for a share of ownership

Cash

An asset in currency form

Crowd funding

 Use of small amounts of capital from a large number of investors. Can be paid back in products, profits or equity



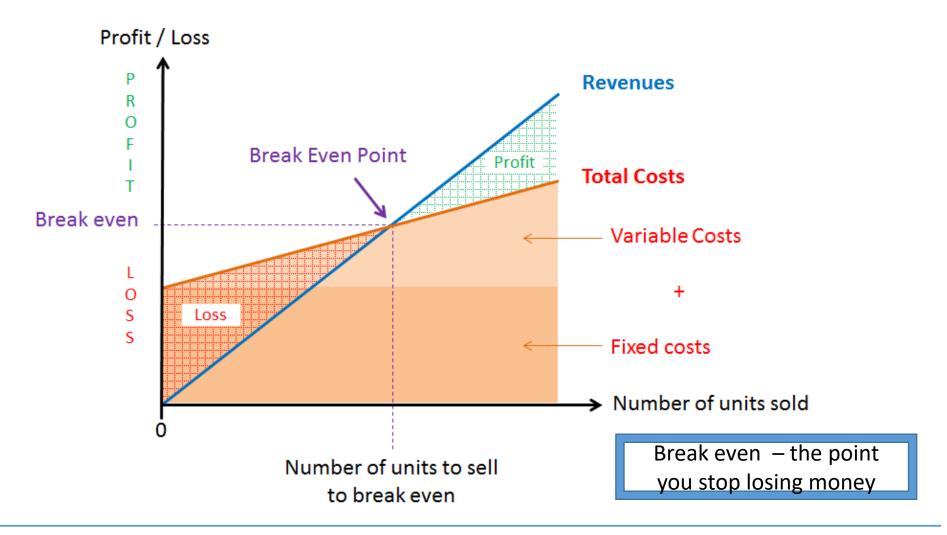






BASIC TERMINOLOGY















BRL 1-3 — Finance Terminology cont.

Liability

 An obligation – often financial – yet to be paid back by one party to another

Quasi equity

• Debt that has an element of equity – flexible repayment options, convertible loans, etc.

Revenue streams

Ways that a company gets income from each customer segment

Seed capital

The earliest stage of capital investment for a start-up











Second stage - Business Testing...













BRL 4-5 Business Testing

Testing and changing business model to answer 4 key questions:

- 1. What parts of your business model and product are supported by facts from your clients?
- 2. How big is the market you can access and how well do you know it?
- 3. Does your financial model fit with clients' willingness to pay?
- 4. How are you going to fund all of these processes?

By the end of this process you should have a robust and costed product, evidence of market size and value, a tested revenue model, a clear issue of the company structure and projected budgets based on a sound strategy which draws all of this together











BMC – BRL 4-5 – Business Testing

Company

CEO

CFO

CMO

CTO

Key Performance Indicator Option pool

Offer

Co-design
Competitive advantage
Must have
Nice to have
Product as a service
Service-as-a-product
Unique selling point
Willingness to pay

Market

Competitive analysis
Competitor
Compound annual growth rate
Early adopters
KOL
Market annual growth rate
Route to market
SAM-SOM-TAM

Finance

Cash flow
Combined revenue streams
Common stock
Double one-off revenue streams
Drag-along right
Due diligence

BRL 4-5

Enterprise value
Free cash flow
Licensing
Liquidation preference

One-off revenue streams
Preferred stock
Recurrent revenue streams
Tag alone clause
Unit cost
Venture Capital











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BRL 4-5 – Company Terminology

- **CEO** Chief Executive Officer
- **CFO** Chief Financial officer
- CMO Chief Marketing Officer
- CTO Chief Technical Officer
- Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)
 - Metrics to measure performance against agreed targets and business objectives – profit per employee, sales per salesman, etc.

Option pool

Shares reserved for employees – to attract or reward







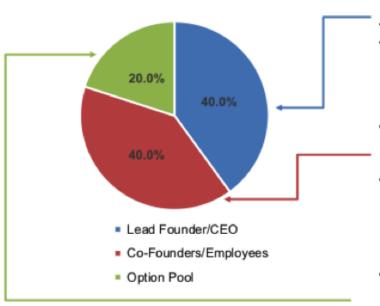




Shareholding structure – example

INITIAL FOUNDER SPLIT

Example Initial Cap Table



- Initial CEOs/Lead Founders typically get the largest chunk of ownership
- These Founders are day-to-day
- Initial Equity ranges from 30-60% of the company
- Co-Founders and key employees includes founding scientists, C-level execs, VP, and any initial employee
- Investors will typically like to see an initial team in place before investing in a company
- Initial option pools are set up to incentivize new hires
- A company typically refreshes their option pool at every financing round and targets 15-25%











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BRL 4-5 – Offer Terminology

Co-design

 Planning and developing a product using designers, technicians, customers

Competitive advantage

 Factors that allow a company to produce better or cheaper goods than its competitors

Must have

• A product which is absolutely essential to customers' life or business

Nice to have

Something a consumer might enjoy, but does not need – a 'want'

Product as a service

• The product is not transferred to a customer, but they have the right to use for a given period











BRL 4-5 – Offer Terminology cont.

- Service-as-a-product
 - Set of services brought together and sold as a product
- Unique Selling Point [or Proposition] (USP)
 - A factor that makes a product different from the competition
 - what you have that the competition don't
- Willingness to pay
 - Maximum price at which, or below which, a customer will definitely buy a product



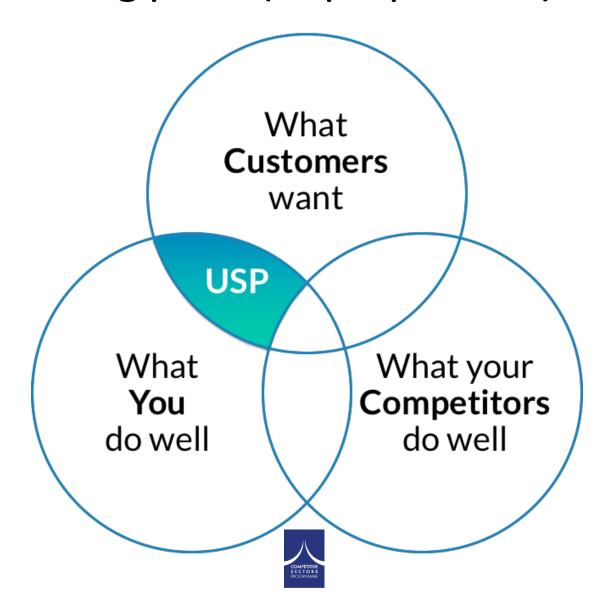








Unique Selling point (or proposition)











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BRL 4-5 – Market Terminology

Competitive analysis

 Process of identifying competitors and evaluating their strategies to find strengths/weaknesses compared to your products

Competitor

 Company operating in same market sector with alternative products offered to same target groups

Compound annual growth rate

 Geometric progression that calculates a constant rate of return over time

Early adopters

 A customer that adopts a new product ahead of others in their market segment

Key Opinion Leaders (KOL)

Authorities on a particular topic whose opinions are well respected











BRL 4-5 – Market Terminology cont.

- Market annual growth rate
 - Trends in investments/markets based on previous year figures
- Route to market
 - Roadmap to ensure that products reach customers in an efficient and effective manner
- SAM-SOM-TAM
 - **SAM** Serviceable Available Market
 - **SOM** Serviceable Obtainable Market
 - TAM Total Addressable Market









MARKET ASSESSMENT: TAM SAM SOM



TAM: <u>Total</u> <u>A</u>vailable <u>M</u>arket **Focus on:** Total market / size

Example: Total Agricultural Robotics Market

SAM: Serviceable Addressable Market Focus on: Your own technology/ services

Example: Total market for spraying robots (Segment of total

agricultural robotics market)

SOM: Serviceable Obtainable Market

Focus on: Which realistic market share can be obtained by myself considering: competition, trends, expected demand/forecast, countries, my sales/distribution channels and other market influences?)

Evample: My realistic goal to call spraying rel

Example: My realistic goal to sell spraying robots to farmers.

TAM:
Total demand for your product

SAM:
Based on your current business model

SOM:
Based on practical limits of your business model











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Service-as-a-product
Unique selling point
Willingness to pay

Market

Competitive analysis
Competitor
Compound annual growth rate
Early adopters
KOL
Market annual growth rate
Route to market
SAM-SOM-TAM

Finance

Cash flow
Combined revenue streams
Common stock
Double one-off revenue streams
Drag-along right
Due diligence

BRL 4-5

Enterprise value
Free cash flow
Licensing
Liquidation preference

One-off revenue streams
Preferred stock
Recurrent revenue streams
Tag along clause
Unit cost
Venture Capital











BRL 4-5 – Finance Terminology

Cash flow

Net amount of cash going into and out of a business

Combined revenue streams

Periodic cash inputs where applicable, plus ongoing sales cash

Common stock

Shares of ownership with voting rights and variable dividends

Double one-off revenue streams

 Combined sales values over time relating to one product – ink jet printer plus regular ink cartridge purchases

Drag along right

 Majority shareholder has right to force minority shareholders to sell their shares











BRL 4-5 – Finance Terminology cont.

Due diligence

Analysis of financial standing before entering into a loan or other agreement

Enterprise value

Entire economic activity of a company – takeover price

Free cash flow

Cash remaining after paying debts, dividends or buying back stock

Licensing

• Granting of IP rights to another party under a financial arrangement

Liquidation preference

Pay-out order of debtors in case of liquidation











BRL 4-5 – Finance Terminology cont.

One-off revenue streams

Where a business generates cash each time there is a product sale

Preferred stock

Shareholders receive higher dividends than common stock holders

Recurrent revenue streams

Business generates income periodically – e.g. subscriptions

Tag along clause

 Gives minority shareholders the right to sell at same time and price as major shareholders

Unit cost

Cost to create one unit of a product

Venture Capital

Private equity invested in promising companies



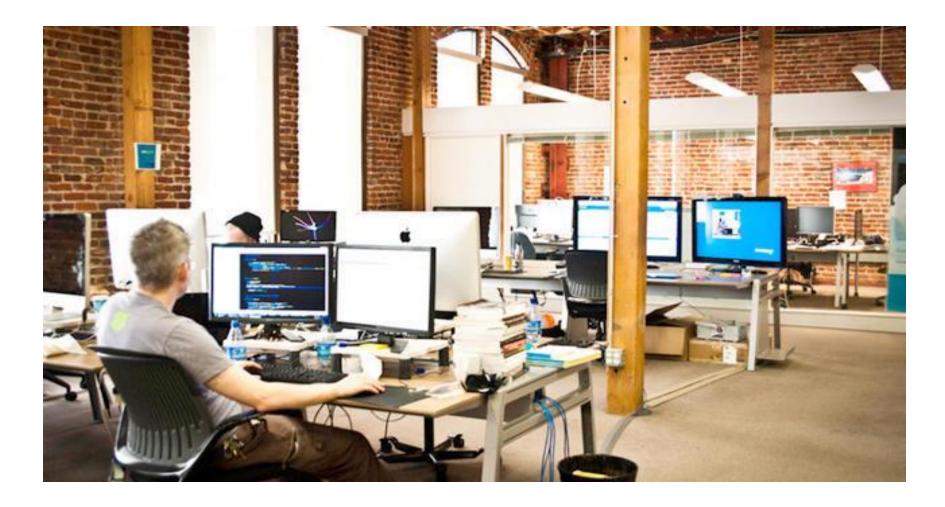








Third Stage - BRL 6-9 - Business Deployment













Business Deployment

Stage 2 will have shown the business and its product are viable; this stage will allow consolidation of the company and lead to its expansion.

Key questions:

- How can I make my business more sustainable?
- How can I organize to serve all the customers/markets identified?
- How can I grow my team to meet the challenge?
- How am I going to fund it all?
- What element of risk may attract EC funding?

By the end of this stage there should be a clear route to growth, with agreed responsibilities against a clear business strategy, planning and budgeting.











Company

Business development
Business strategy
Corporate culture
Corporate social responsibility
Cost-benefit analysis
Human resources
Open innovation
Partnership
Scalability

Offer

Penetration pricing
Pricing strategy
Pricing strategy
Unfair advantage
Upselling pricing strategy

Market

Advertising
Brand strategy
Brand
Churn rate
CAC-CCR-CLV
Customer retention
Funnel marketing
Qualified lead

Finance

Blended value investing
Burn rate
CAPEX
Debt to equity ratio
EBITDA
EBITDA margin
EBTIDA multiple

BRL 6-9

Employee stock options
Impact finance
OPEX
Private equity











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BRL 6-9 – Company Terminology

Business development

Ideas and activities aimed at making the business better

Business strategy

 Agreed objectives that a company aims to achieve and the strategic plan to reach them

Corporate culture

 Beliefs and behaviours on how employees and management interact with customers and each other

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

 Company's role in contributing to quality of life of society as a whole

Cost-benefit analysis

Analysis of costs against likely profits over time











BRL 6-9 — Company Terminology cont.

Human Resources (HR)

 Responsibility for recruiting, training and maintaining well being of employees

Open Innovation

 Leveraging innovative capabilities of company, customers, suppliers, etc. to achieve overall strategic goals

Partnership

Collaboration to share knowledge and profits on an agreed basis

Scalability

Maintaining or improving profits while sales volume increases











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BRL 6-9 – Offer Terminology

Bundling pricing strategy

Sell combined products as one 'bundle'

Penetration pricing

Selling at a lower price initially to build sales

Pricing strategy

 Method used by a company to build its product pricing – can be cost plus, market pricing, etc.

Unfair advantage

• Setting higher margins than competitors due to factors such as location, dependence from previous sales, market monopoly, etc.

Upselling pricing strategy

 Customers buy more than they originally intended by being offered better pricing, features, etc.











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BRL 6-9 – Market Terminology

Advertising

• The process of drawing customers' attention to products, offers, etc.

Brand

 Combination of name, logo, slogan, etc. which gives distinctive identification to a company or product

Brand strategy (or Branding)

Set of activities that help to consolidate brand in the marketplace

Churn rate

 Rate at which customers drop out – for example one-off versus repeat subscriptions

Customer acquisition cost (CAC)

Cost of winning new customers – advertising, sales team, etc.



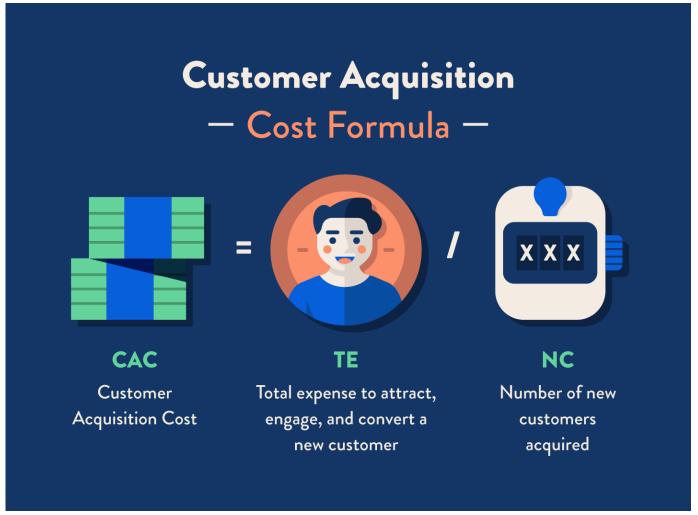








Customer Acquisition Cost (CAC)













BRL 6-9 – Market Terminology cont.

- Customer conversion rate (sales conversion rate; lead conversion rate)
 - Proportion of genuine sales leads compared to number of customers approached
- Customer Lifetime Value (CLV or CLTV)
 - Prediction of profit attributed to entire future relationship with a customer
- Customer retention
 - Ability of a company to retain its customers over time
- Funnel marketing
 - 4 steps to transform awareness into customers; awareness, interest, wish to buy, sales
- Qualified lead
 - A customers expressing a definite interest in a product and likely to buy







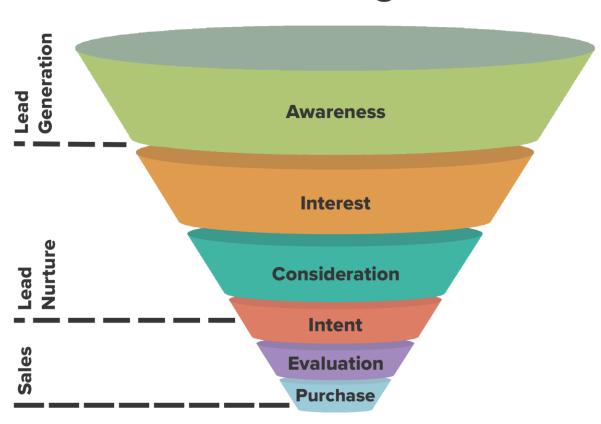




Marketing Funnel

The Marketing Funnel

SKYWORD



- Marketing campaigns and consumer research
- Events, advertising, tradeshiblog, webinars, direct mail, viral campaigns, social media, search, media mentions, and more
- Engagement and introduction to positioning
- Emails, targeted content, classes, newsletters, and more
- Product information and specials
- Automated email campaigns, case studies, free trials, and more
- Product demos and shopping carts
- Sales adds to nurture stream
- Marketing and sales work to prove their product is best
- Sales transaction is completed











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BRL 6-9 – Finance Terminology

Blended value investing

 Financial investment strategy comprised from various sources supporting economic, social and environmental values

Burn rate

Cash spend per month

CAPEX (Capital Expenditure)

Cash spent to acquire, upgrade and maintain physical assets over time

Debt to equity ratio

 Determines financial leverage of a company – high debt to equity = high leverage

EBITDA

• Business earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization

EBITDA margin

Surplus of profit as percentage of its EBITDA











BRL 6-9 – Finance Terminology cont.

EBITDA multiple

 Ratio that compares overall value to annual EBITDA. Used to compare with similar businesses as a measure of net profitability

Employee stock options (ESO)

 Means of compensating employees by offering stock at a set price for set period

Impact finance

Means of measuring impact on society as well as profitability

OPEX

Cash used to fund operational expenses

Private equity

Funds from private investors not covered by shareholding











BRL 6-9 – Finance Terminology cont.

Return on equity (ROE)

 Financial performance measured by dividing net income by shareholders' equity

Return on investment (ROI)

Amount of return compared to the investment's cost

Return on capital employed (ROCE)

Ratio of how well a company is generating profit from its capital

Senior debt

 Borrowed money that a company must repay first if it goes out of business

Subordinated debt

Unsecured loan that ranks behind senior debt in pay-out order











EC Terminology - Summary

- Many terms in the business canvas
- Even though the EC do not look for them all they are all related
- Investors and EC judges will ask about some of those most focused on potential markets, return on investment, worth of company, debts, etc.
- Many of these terms do not come easily to technologists either learn them in detail or (preferably) engage someone who can
- Know your limitations and share the burden with appropriate team members
- Building and expanding a business is a team effort!











Remember – we are here to help!!

More information may be found at:

<u>Access2EIC tools: From technology to business – Access2eic</u>

and Access2EIC Business-Glossary-sep-2020-Final-4.pdf

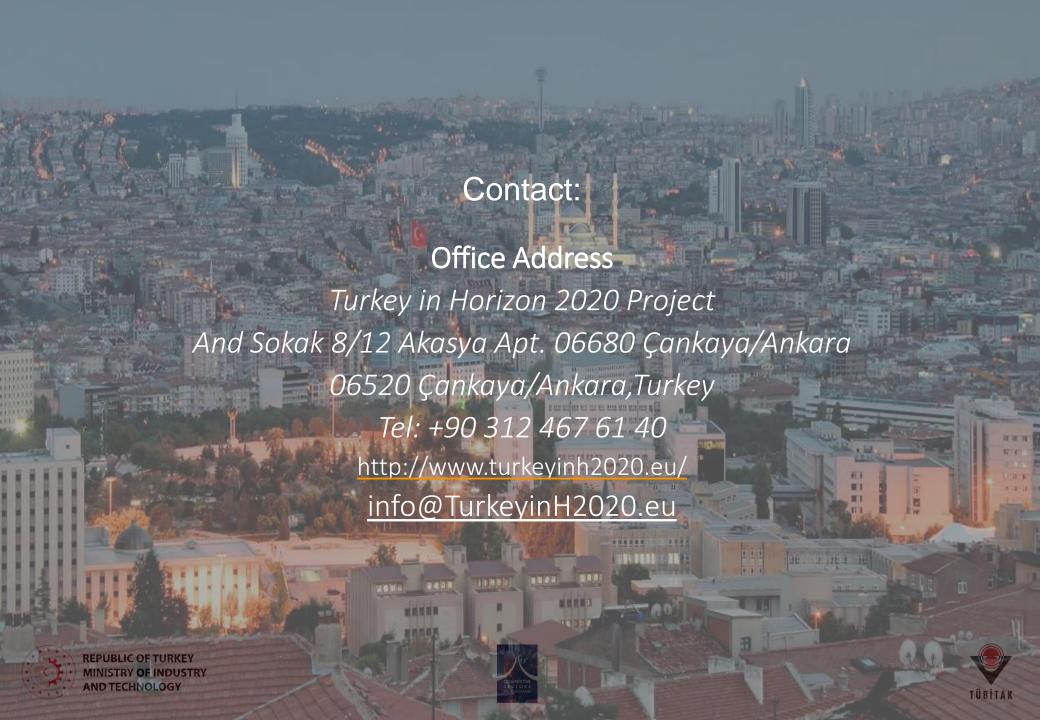
- or web search Access2EIC

Thank you for participating in our webinar – any more questions?













Technical Assistance for Turkey in Horizon 2020 Phase-II

EuropeAid/139098/IH/SER/TR

Turkey in Horizon 2020 II Workshop – EC Terminology

Webinar 7, 10:00 – 12:00 25th February 2021











Technical Assistance for Turkey in Horizon 2020 Phase-II EuropeAid/139098/IH/SER/TR

Participant Feedback

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